

MAINTENANCE

Maintenance

QUARTZ COMPAC has been created with cutting-edge technology, transforming natural quartz into a product of exceptional resistance and stunning beauty: Technological Quartz.

Given its exceptional physical and mechanical properties, this material features extraordinary hardness, resistance to abrasion and ease of cleaning. In addition, it provides countless possibilities for decorative combinations that exude beauty and elegance, of exceptionally high quality and perfect finishes.

It is the ideal material for kitchen countertops and floors, in bathrooms, as well as for surfaces that have to withstand heavy foot traffic.

Maintenance and upkeep

Given their exceptional physical and mechanical properties, the regular maintenance of QUARTZ COMPAC materials only requires cleaning with a neutral pH product/detergent. Rinse with water and dry.

For the removal of any remains or waste (e.g. oil and grease, wine, vinegar, lemon, fizzy drinks, coffee...) on the surface of QUARTZ COMPAC, all that is required is to wipe with a cloth dipped in a neutral pH detergent. Rinse with water and dry.

As an example, below are some solutions to common problems:

Grease stains: dilute a small amount of detergent in water and rub the stain with a cloth. Then rinse with water.

Water lime stains: Pour vinegar (or any weak diluted acid) onto the surface of the worktop and leave it to work for 1 minute. Rinse with water.

Silicon stains: Use a sharp blade and a little solvent (such as acetone or ethanol).

Precautions

Do not place QUARTZ COMPAC in places subject to strong direct sunlight or expose it to UV lighting.

Do not make a habit of placing very hot items on the QUARTZ COMPAC surface (deep-fryers, etc.).

Do not use water-repellents or sealers to bring out the shine

Do not use stripping agents, caustic soda, degreasing products, or products with a pH over 10 or chlorine-based. If you use bleach or a solvent you must rinse with water and never leave them in permanent contact with the surface.

The surface of the material must not be polished, and this applies to floors and worktops.

RESISTANCE TO STAINS					
	TYPICAL STAINS	RESULT AFTER 12h.	RESULT AFTER 24 h.		
	OILS	No Changes			
	FRESH LEMON				
	FRESH TOMATO				
	SOYA SAUCE				
	FRIED TOMATO SAUCE				
	MUSTARD				
	CHOCOLATE SYRUP				
	WINE				
	COFFEE				
	INSTANT COFFEE				
	CHOCOLATE				
	COLA DRINK				
	TEA				
	IODISED SOLUTION				
	AFTER SHAVE				
	CONTACT LENS LIQUID				
	TOOTHPASTE				
	PEROXIDE				
	AMMONIA				
	BLEACH WITH DETERGENT				
	NAIL VARNISH REMOVER			No Changes	Possible loss of shine in very dark colours.
	MERCUROCHROME			Slight alteration. The stain can be removed by rubbing with a cloth dipped in soapy bleach. Subsequently rinse with water.	

RESISTANCE TO CHEMICAL AGENTS	
BLEACH	Do not use in maintenance; when this product remains on the surface for more than 12 hours, the surface may lose its shine.
PH 12 ALKALINE CLEANING PRODUCTS	
CHLOROHYDRIC ACID DILUTED TO 2% OR WEAK ACIDS	May be used to remove a specific stain. After rubbing, remove the product by rinsing with clean water.
2 MOLAR SODIUM HYDROXIDE OR WEAK ALKALIS	
TRICHLOROETHYLENE	
ACETONE	
PAINT SOLVENTS	
FLUOROHYDRIC ACID	Not to be used under any circumstances.
IODOHYDRIC ACID	
DICHLOROMETHANE	
NAOH – CAUSTIC SODA	
PAINT STRIPPER	